#### 

#### 1.Scope

This reference specification applies to LQH2MCN\_52 Series, Chip coil (Chip Inductors).

## 2.Part Numbering

(ex)	LQ	Н	2M	С	N	4R7	М	5	2	L
	Product ID	Structure	Dimension	Applications	Category	Inductance	Tolerance	Features	Electrode	Packaging
			(L×W)	and						L: Taping
				Characteristi	cs					

### 3.Rating

Operating Temperature Range. -40 to +85°C

Storage Temperature Range.
 -40 to +85°C

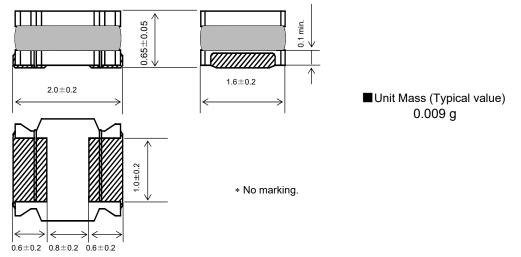
Customer	ustomer MURATA		uctance	DC	Self Resonant	*Rated
Part Number	Part Number	(µH)	Tolerance	Resistance (Ω)	Frequency (MHz min)	Current (mA)
	LQH2MCN1R0M52L	1.0		0.25 ±30%	215	595
	LQH2MCN1R5M52L	1.5		0.33 ±30%	165	540
	LQH2MCN2R2M52L	2.2		0.42 ±30%	125	500
	LQH2MCN3R3M52L	3.3		0.74 ±30%	110	360
	LQH2MCN4R7M52L	4.7		0.91 ±30%	90	335
	LQH2MCN6R8M52L	6.8	M:±20%	1.23 ±30%	65	285
	LQH2MCN100M52L	10		2.27 ±30%	60	200
	LQH2MCN120M52L	12		2.4 ±30%	30	170
	LQH2MCN150M52L	15		3.5 ±30%	30	150
	LQH2MCN180M52L	18		4.0 ±30%	30	140
	LQH2MCN220M52L	22		5.5 ±30%	30	130

\* When applied Rated current to the Products, Inductance will be within  $\pm 10\%$  of initial Inductance value. When applied Rated current to the Products ,temperature rise caused by self-generated heat shall be limited to  $40^{\circ}$ C max.

## 4. Testing Conditions

《Unless otherwise specified》 Temperature : Ordinary Temperature (15 to 35°C) Humidity : Ordinary Humidity (25 to 85 %(RH)) 《In case of doubt》 Temperature : 20 ± 2°C Humidity : 60 to 70 %(RH) Atmospheric Pressure : 86 to 106 kPa

## 5. Appearance and Dimensions



## 6.Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
6.1	Inductance	Inductance shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: KEYSIGHT 4192A or equivalent Measuring Frequency: 1MHz
6.2	DC Resistance	DC Resistance shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: Digital multi meter
6.3	Self Resonant Frequency(S.R.F)	S.R.F shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: KEYSIGHT E4991A or equivalent

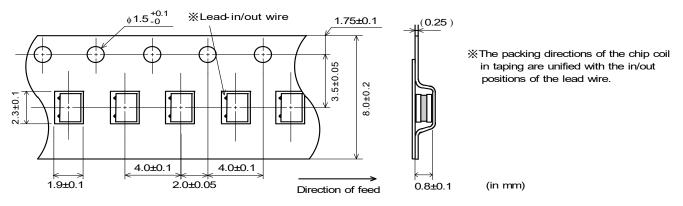
## 7.Mechanical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
7.1	Shear Test	Chip coil shall not be damaged.	Substrate: Glass-epoxy substrate Force: 5N Chip coil Hold Duration: 5±1s
7.2	Bending Test		Substrate: Glass-epoxy substrate (100×40×0.8mm) Speed of Applying Force: 0.5mm / s Deflection: 2mm Hold Duration: 5seconds. Pressure jig R230 JF Deflection 45 45 Product (in mm)
7.3	Vibration		Oscillation Frequency: 10~55~10Hz for 1 minute Total Amplitude: 1.5mm Testing Time: A period of 2 hours in each of 3 mutually perpendicular directions. (Total 6 hours)
7.4	Solderability	The wetting area of the electrode shall be at least 90% covered with new solder coating.	Flux: Ethanol solution of rosin,25(wt)% (Immersed for 5s to 10s) Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Pre-Heating: 80 to 120°C / 10 to 30seconds Solder Temperature: 245±3°C Immersion Time: 3±1 s
7.5	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Appearance:No damage Inductance Change: within ±5%	Flux: Ethanol solution of rosin,25(wt)% (Immersed for 5s to 10s) Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Pre-Heating: 150±10°C / 1 to 2 minutes Solder Temperature: 270±5°C Immersion Time: 10±1 s (for LQH2MCN220M52L : 5±0.5s) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 24±2 hours.

## 8.Environmental Performance (It shall be soldered on the substrate.)

		ince (it shall be soldered on the s	ubstrate.)
No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
8.1	Heat Resistance	Appearance:No damage Inductance Change: within ± 5% DC Resistance Change: within ± 5%	Temperature: 85±2°C Time: 1000h (+48h , -0h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 24±2 hours.
8.2	Cold Resistance		Temperature: -40±2°C Time: 1000h (+48h , -0h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 24±2 hours.
8.3	Humidity		Temperature: 40±2°C Humidity: 90~95%(RH) Time: 1000h (+48h , -0h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 24±2 hours.
8.4	Temperature Cycle		1 cycle: 1 step: -40±2°C / 30±3 minutes 2 step: Ordinary temp. / 10 to 15 minutes 3 step: +85±2°C / 30±3 min 4 step: Ordinary temp. / 10 to 15 minutes Total of 10 cycles Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 24±2 hours.

#### 9. Specification of Packaging 9.1 Appearance and Dimensions of plastic tape



Dimension of the Cavity is measured at the bottom side.

## 9.2 Specification of Taping

- (1) Packing quantity (standard quantity)
  - 3,000 pcs / reel
- (2) Packing Method
- Products shall be packed in the each embossed cavity of plastic tape and sealed by cover tape. (3) Sprocket hole
  - The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.
- (4) Spliced point
- Plastic tape and Cover tape has no spliced point.
- (5) Missing components number
  - Missing components number within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

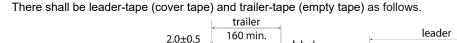
## 9.3 Pull Strength

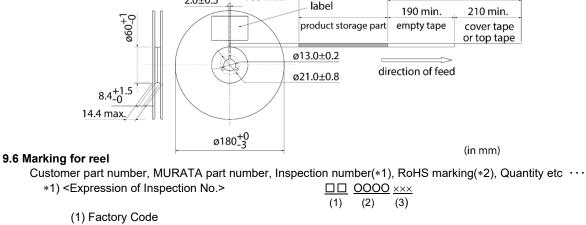
Embossed carrier tape	10N min.
Cover tape	10N min.

#### 9.4 Peeling off force of cover tape

Speed of Peeling off	300mm/min	165 to 180 degree F Cover tape
Peeling off force	0.2 to 0.7N (minimum value is typical)	
		Plastic tape

### 9.5 Dimensions of Leader-tape, Trailer and Reel





(1)1 dotory codo		
(2) Date	First digit	: Year / Last digit of year
	Second digit	: Month / Jan. to Sep. $\rightarrow$ 1 to 9, Oct. to Dec. $\rightarrow$ O, N, D
	Third, Fourth digit	: Day
(2) Carial Na		

(3) Serial No.

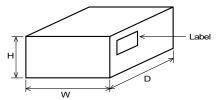
\*2) « Expression of RoHS marking » ROHS –  $\underline{Y}$  ( $\underline{\triangle}$ ) (1) (2)

- (1) RoHS regulation conformity
- (2) MURATA classification number

## 9.7 Marking for Outside package (corrugated paper box)

Customer name, Purchasing order number, Customer part number, MURATA part number, RoHS marking(\*2), Quantity, etc ···

## 9.8. Specification of Outer Case



Outer C	ase Dime (mm)	nsions	Standard Reel Quantity in Outer Case (Reel)
W	D	Н	
186	186	93	5

\*Above Outer Case size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order

## 10. Caution

## ▲ 10.1 Limitation of Applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- (1) Aircraft equipment
- (2) Aerospace equipment
- (3) Undersea equipment
- (4) Power plant control equipment
- (5) Medical equipment
- (6) Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- (7) Traffic signal equipment
- (8) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- (9) Data-processing equipment
- (10) Applications of similar complexity and /or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above

#### 10.2 Corrosive gas

Please refrain from use since contact with environments with corrosive gases (sulfur gas [hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, etc.], chlorine, ammonia, etc.) or oils (cutting oil, silicone oil, etc.) that have come into contact with the previously stated corrosive gas environment will result in deterioration of product quality or an open from deterioration due to corrosion of product electrode, etc. We will not bear any responsibility for use under these environments.

## MURATA MFG.CO., LTD



#### 11. Notice

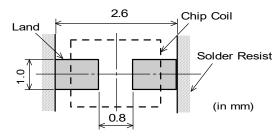
This product is designed for solder mounting. (Reflow soldering only)

- Please consult us in advance for applying other mounting method such as conductive adhesive.
- 11.1 Land pattern designing (Reflow Soldering)

Recommended land pattern for reflow soldering is as follows:

It has been designed for Electric characteristics and solderability.

Please follow the recommended patterns. Otherwise, their performance which includes electrical performance or solderability may be affected, or result to "position shift" in soldering process.



## 11.2 Flux, Solder

Flux	<ul> <li>Use rosin-based flux.</li> <li>Don't use highly acidic flux with halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value).</li> <li>Don't use water-soluble flux.</li> </ul>
Solder	<ul> <li>Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder</li> <li>Standard thickness of solder paste : 100μm to 150μm</li> </ul>

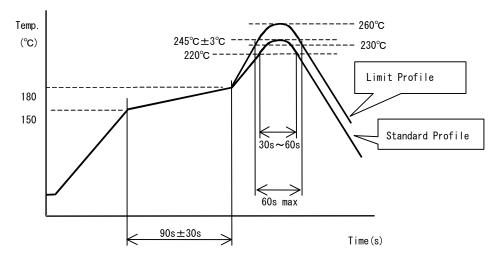
Other flux (except above) Please contact us for details, then use.

## 11.3 soldering conditions (Reflow)

• Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 100°C max. Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max.

Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality. • Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.

The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and / or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile	
Pre-heating	150~180°C 、90s±30s		
Heating	above 220°C、30s~60s	above 230°C、60s max.	
Peak temperature	245±3°C	260°C,10s	
Cycle of reflow	2 times	2 times	

#### 11.4 Reworking with soldering iron.

The following conditions must be strictly followed when using a soldering iron.

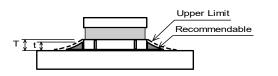
Pre-heating	150°C,1 min
Tip temperature	350°C max.
Soldering iron output	80W max.
Tip diameter	φ3mm max.
Soldering time	3 s max.
Times	1 time

\*Reworking should be limited to only once.

Note :Do not directly touch the products with the tip of the soldering iron in order to prevent the crack on the products due to the thermal shock.

#### 11.5 Solder Volume

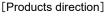
- · Solder shall be used not to be exceeded the upper limits as shown below.
- Accordingly increasing the solder volume, the mechanical stress to Chip is also increased. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

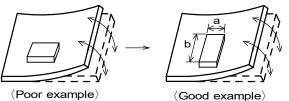


1/3T≦t≦T (T: Lower flange thickness)

#### 11.6 Product's location

- The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.
  - (1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.



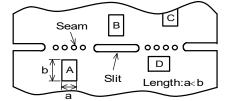


Products shall be located in the sideways direction (Length:a<b) to the mechanical stress.

(2) Components location on P.C.B. separation.

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board. It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

Contents of Measures	Stress Level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D*1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	A > C



 \*1 A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation.
 If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.

(3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.

Screw Hole	



### **11.7 Cleaning Conditions**

- Products shall be cleaned on the following conditions. But, Products can be used without cleaning,too.
  - (1) Cleaning temperature shall be limited to 60°C max.(40°C max for IPA.)
  - (2) Ultrasonic cleaning shall comply with the following conditions with avoiding the resonance phenomenon at the mounted products and P.C.B.
  - Power : 20 W / I max. Frequency : 28kHz to 40kHz Time : 5 minutes max.
  - (3) Cleaner
    - 1. Alternative cleaner
      - Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)
    - 2. Aqueous agent
      - PINE ALPHA ST-100S
  - (4) There shall be no residual flux and residual cleaner after cleaning.
    - In the case of using aqueous agent, products shall be dried completely after rinse with de-ionized water in order to remove the cleaner.
  - (5) Other cleaning
    - Please contact us.

#### 11.8 Resin coating

The inductance value may change due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products. An open circuit issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc. Some resin contains some impurities or chloride possible to generate chlorine by hydrolysis under some operating condition may cause corrosion of wire of coil, leading to open circuit. So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin.Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

#### 11.9 Temperature rating of the circuit board and components located around

Temperature may rise up to max. 40 °C when applying the rated current to the Products. Be careful of the temperature rating of the circuit board and components located around.

#### 11.10 Caution for use

- Sharp material such as a pair of tweezers or other material such as bristles of cleaning brush, shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.
- Mechanical shock should not be applied to the products mounted on the board to prevent the breaking of the core

#### 11.11 Handling of a substrate

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.

Bending

Twisting

#### 11.12 Storage and Handling Requirements

(1) Storage period

Use the products within 12 months after delivered.

Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

(2) Storage conditions

· Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions.

- Temperature : -10 ~ 40°C
- Humidity : 15 to 85% relative humidity No rapid change on temperature and humidity

The electrode of the products is coated with solder. Don't keep products in corrosive gases such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid, or it may cause oxidization of electrode, resulting in poor solderability.

- Products should not be stored on bulk packaging condition to prevent the chipping of the core and the breaking of winding wire caused by the collision between the products.
- Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.
- Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.
- (3) Handling Condition

Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

## 12. \land Note

- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering