

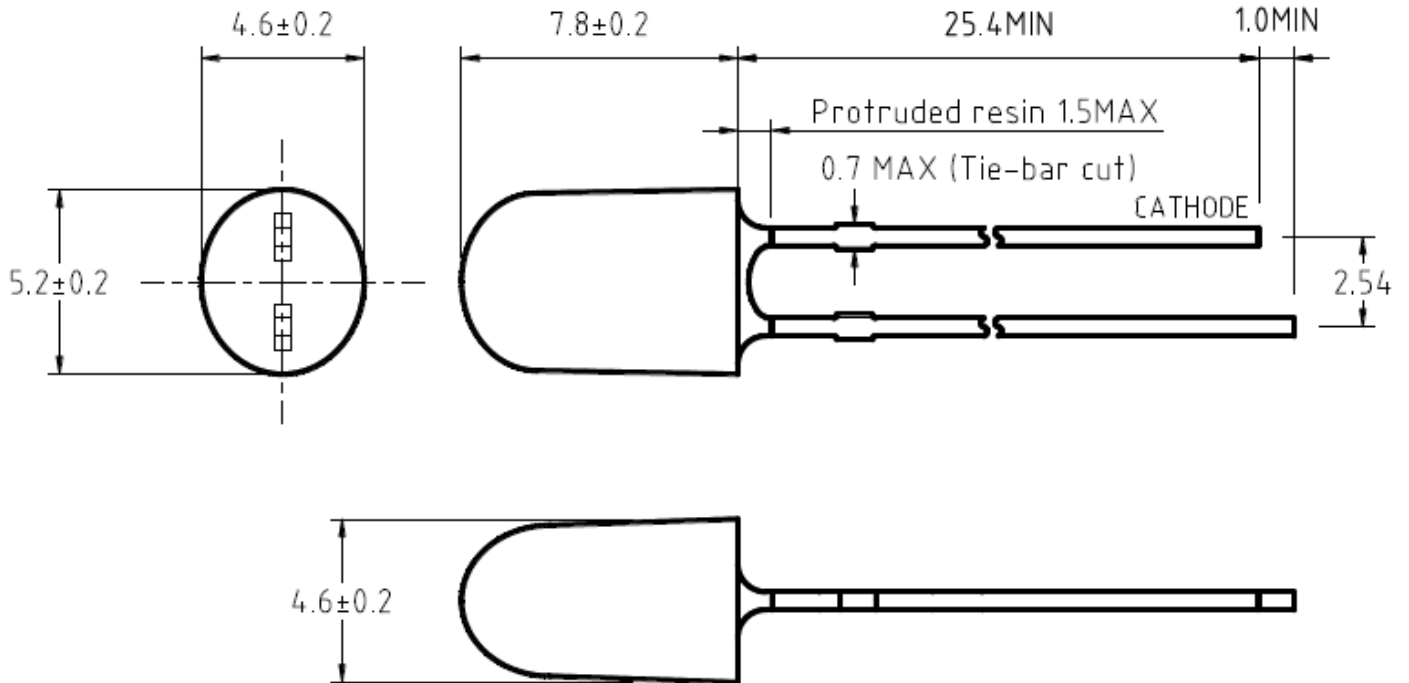


# American Opto Plus LED Corp.

## L783MED-70D

### 4.6mm Red LED Lamp

#### PACKAGE DIMENSION



Item	Materials
Resin	Epoxy Resin
Lead Frame	Ag Plating on SPCC
Chip Technology	AllnGaP/Sapphire
Lens Color	Red Diffused

#### Notes

1. All dimensions are in millimeters



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#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Symbol	Rating	Unit
DC Forward Current	$I_F$	50	mA
Peak Pulsed Forward Current	$I_{FP}$	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	V
Power Dissipation	$P_d$	120	mW
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-30~+85	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40~+100	°C
Solder Temperature	$T_{sld}$	260°C for 5 sec	--

Notes:  $I_{fp}$ = pulse width  $\leq 10$ ms, Duty Ratio  $\leq 1/10$

#### OPTICAL-ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

	Symbol	Test condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	--	2.1	2.4	V
Luminous Intensity	$I_v$		1900	2500	4200	mcd
Dominant Wavelength	$\lambda_d$		615	625	635	nm
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_p$		--	635	--	nm
Spectral Half Width	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$		--	15	--	nm
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	--	--	70/35	--	deg
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R=5\text{V}$	--	--	50	$\mu\text{A}$



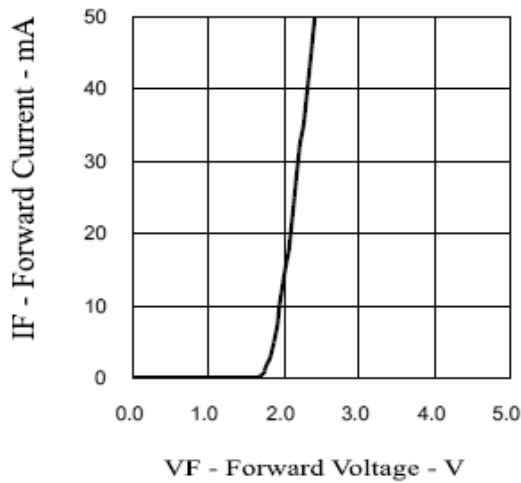
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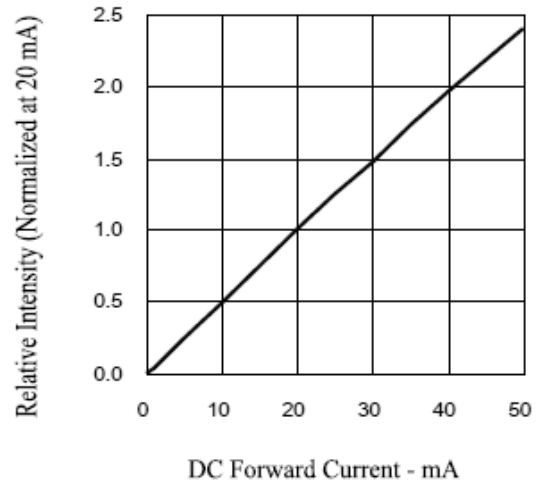
### 4.6mm Red LED Lamp

#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

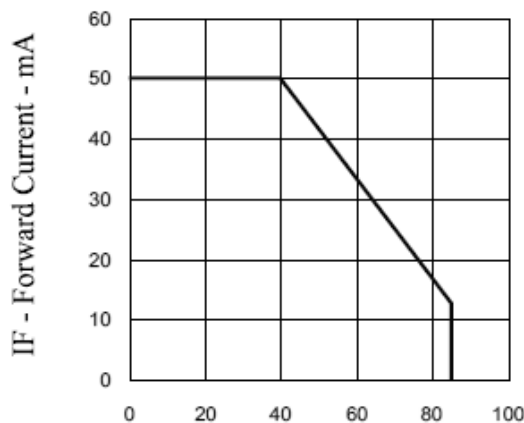
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



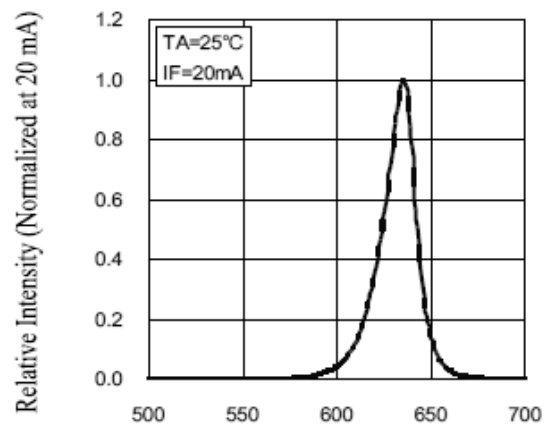
Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current



Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength





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#### LUMINOUS INTENSITY BIN TABLE

IF=20mA

Rank Name	Min(mcd)	Max(mcd)
S	1900	2500
T	2500	3200
U	3200	4200

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm 15\%$

#### COLOR BIN TABLE

IF=20mA

Rank Name	Min(nm)	Max(nm)
1	615	620
2	620	625
3	625	630
4	630	635

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm 1\text{nm}$

#### Notes:

1. One delivery will include several color ranks and Iv ranks of products. The quantity ratio of the different rank is decided by AOP
2. Bin name typed on label: IV Rank + Color Rank. For example, Bin S2 means IV: 1900~2500 mcd and Color: 620~625nm
3. AOP has the right to update the information without notice. Please double confirm the spec details before placing an order



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#### SOLDERING CONDITIONS

Solder the LED no closer than 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb. Soldering beyond the base of the tie bar is recommended

Recommended soldering conditions:

<b>Dip Soldering</b>	
Pre Heat	100°C max.
Pre Heat Time	60 sec. max.
Solder Bath Temperature	260°C max.
Dipping Time	10 sec. max.
Dipping Position	No lower than 3mm from base of epoxy bulb

<b>Hand Soldering</b>		
	<b>3Φ Series</b>	<b>Others( including Lead-Free Solder)</b>
Temperature	300°C max.	350°C max
Soldering Time	3 sec. max.	3 sec. max.
Position	No closer than 3mm from base of epoxy bulb	No closer than 3mm from base of epoxy bulb

#### Notes:

1. Do not apply any stress to lead, particularly when heated
2. The LEDs must not be reposition after soldering
3. After soldering the LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature
4. Direct soldering onto a PC board should be avoided. Mechanical stress to resin may be caused by the PC board warping or from the clinching and cutting of the leadframes. When it is absolutely necessary, the LEDs may be mounted in this fashion, but the user will assume responsibility for any problems. Direct soldering should only be done after testing has confirmed that no damage, such as wire bond failure or resin deterioration will occur. AOP's LED should not be soldered directly to double sided PC boards because the heat will deteriorate the epoxy resin
5. When it is necessary to clamp the LEDs to prevent the soldering failure, it is important to minimize the mechanical stress on LEDs
6. Cut the LED leadframes at room temperature. Cutting the leadframes at high temperatures may cause LED failure