

Ph. 480-503-4295 | NOPP@FocusLCD.com

TFT | CHARACTER | UWVD | FSC | SEGMENT | CUSTOM | REPLACEMENT

Character Display Module

Part Number

C81CLBFKSW6WN33XAB

Overview

Character: 8x1(84x44), FSTN, Black background, White Edge lit, Bottom view, Wide temp, Transmissive (negative), 3.3V LCD, 3.3V LED, Controller=ST7066, RoHS Compliant



1. Features

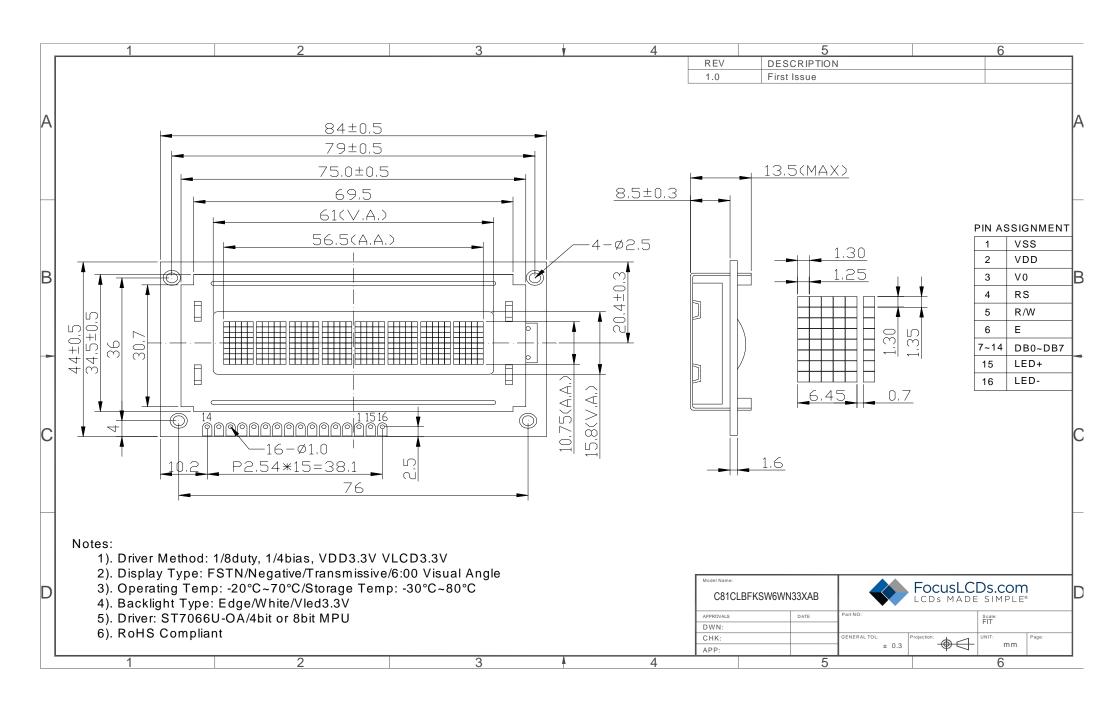
- 1. 5x7 dots with cursor

- 2. 8characters *1lines display
 3. 4-bit or 8-bit MPU interfaces
 4. Built-in controller (ST7066U or equivalent)
 5. ROHS Compliant

	□TN					
LCD type	□FSTN	☑FSTN N	Negative			
	□STN Yellow Green		□STN Gray	□STN Blue Neg	gative	
View direction	☑6 O'clock		□12 O'clock			
Rear Polarizer	□Reflective	1	□Transflective	☑Transmissive		
Backlight Type	□LED Array	/	□EL	□Internal Powe	r	
Backlight Type	☑LED Edge)	□CCFL	☑External Powe	er	
Backlight Color	☑White	☐ Blue	☐ Amber	□Yellow-Green		
Temperature Range	□Normal		☑Wide	□Super Wide		
DC to DC circuit	□Build-in		☑Not Build-in			
Touch screen	□With		☑Without			
Font type	☑English-Ja	apanese	□English-Europen	□English-Russian	□Other	

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Module size	84.0mm(L)*44.0mm(W)* Max13.5(H)mm
Viewing area	61mm(L)*15.8mm(W)
Character size	6.45mm(L)*10.75mm(W)
Character pitch	5.2mm
Weight	Approx.



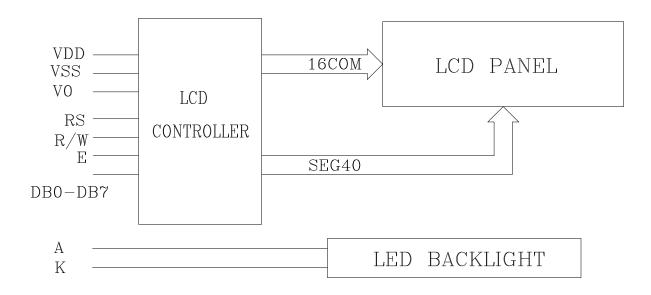
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4. Absolute maximum ratings

Item	Item Symbol Standard					
Power voltage	V _{DD} -V _{SS}	0	-	7.0	M	
Input voltage	V_{IN}	VSS	-	VDD	V	
Operating temperature range	V_{OP}	-20	-	+70	°C	
Storage temperature range	V_{ST}	-30	-	+80	C	

5. Block diagram

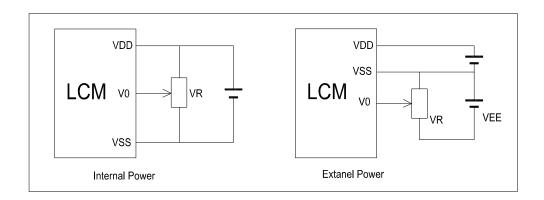


6. Interface pin description

Pin no.	Symbol	Symbol External Function									
1	Vss		Signal ground for LCM								
2	V _{DD}	Power supply	Power supply Power supply for logic for LCM								
3	Vo		Contrast adjust								
4	RS	MPU	Register select signal								
5	R/W	MPU	Read/write select signal								
6	E	MPU	Operation (data read/write) enable signal								
7~10	DB0~DB3	MPU Four high order bi-directional three-state data bus line Used for data transfer between the MPU									
11~14	DB4~DB7	MPU	Four low order bi-directional three-state data bus lines. Used for data transfer between the MPU and the LCM. These four are not used during 4-bit operation.								
15	LED+	LED BKL power	Power supply for BKL								
16	LED-	supply	Power supply for BKL								







 $V_{DD\sim}V_0$: LCD Driving voltage

VR: 10k~20k

8. Optical characteristics

TN type display module (Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
	θ 2- θ		20				
Viewing angle	1	CR=2.0	20	-	-	deg	
	Ф		-	±30	-	-	
Contrast ratio	CR		5	-	-	-	
Response time (rise)	t _r	Φ = 0, θ = 25	1	80	120	mo	
Response time (fall)	t f		•	60	90	ms	

STN type display module (Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Viewing angle	θ 2- θ 1	CR=2.0	50	-	de		
	Ф		-	±30	-		
Contrast ratio	CR		3	5	-	-	
Response time (rise)	t _r	Φ = 0, $θ$ = 25	1	150	250	mo	
Response time (fall)	t f		-	200	300	ms	

Electrical characteristics

DC characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage for LCD	V_{DD} - V_0	Ta =25℃	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
Input voltage	V_{DD}		3.1	3.3	3.5	
Supply current	I _{DD}	Ta=25℃, V _{DD} =3.3V	-	0.8	1.0	mA
Input leakage current	ILKG		-	-	1.0	uA
"H" level input voltage	VIH		2.2	-	V _{DD}	
"L" level input voltage	VIL	Twice initial value or less	0	-	0.6	V
"H" level output voltage	Vон	LOH=-0.25mA	2.4	-	-	V
"L" level output voltage	Vol	LOH=1.6mA	-	-	0.4	
Backlight supply voltage	VF		-	5.0	-	
Backlight supply current	I _{LED}	V _{F=} 3.3V R=20 OHM	-	15	25	mA

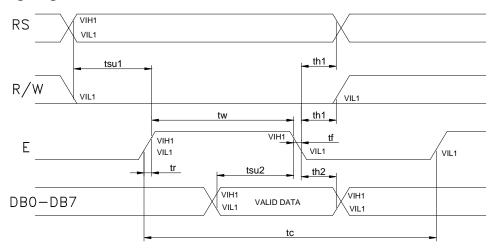


Timing Characteristics

Write cycle (Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V)

Parameter	Symbol	Test pin	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Enable cycle time	t c		500	-	-	
Enable pulse width	tw	Е	300	-	-	
Enable rise/fall time	tr, tf		-	-	25	
RS; R/W setup time	t su1	RS; R/W	100	-	-	ns
RS; R/W address hold time	t h1	RS; R/W	10	-	-	113
Read data output delay	t su2	DB0~DB7	60	-	-	
Read data hold time	t h2	DDU~DD <i>1</i>	10	-	-	

Write mode timing diagram

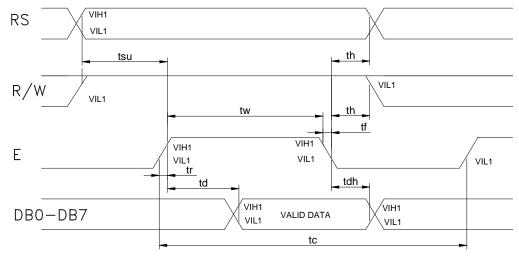


Read cycle (Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V)

Ttoda oyolo (14-20 c, t	1100d 0y00 (1d=20 0, 1DD=0.01)										
Parameter	Symbol	Test pin	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit					
Enable cycle time	t c		500	-	-						
Enable pulse width	tw	E	300	-	-						
Enable rise/fall time	tr, tf		-	-	25						
RS; R/W setup time	t su	RS; R/W	100	-	-	ns					
RS; R/W address hold time	t h	RS; R/W	10	-	-	110					
Read data output delay	t d	DB0~DB7	60	-	90						
Read data hold time	t dh	DD0~DD1	20	-	-						



Read mode timing diagram



Instruction description

Outline

To overcome the speed difference between the internal clock of ST7066U and the MPU clock, ST7066U performs internal operations by storing control in formations to IR or DR. The internal operation is determined according to the signal from MPU, composed of read/write and data bus (Refer to Table7). Instructions can be divided largely into four groups:

- 1) ST7066U function set instructions (set display methods, set data length, etc.)
- 2) Address set instructions to internal RAM
- 3) Data transfer instructions with internal RAM
- 4) Others

The address of the internal RAM is automatically increased or decreased by 1.

Note: during internal operation, busy flag (DB7) is read "High". Busy flag check must be preceded by the next instruction.

11.2 Instruction Table

	Instruction code						ode					Execution	
Instruction	RS	RS R/W		DB7 DB6 5		DB4	DB3	DB2	DB 1	DB0	Description	time (fosc= 270 KHZ	
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "20H" to DDRA and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC	1.53ms	
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	The contents of DDRAM are not changed.				1.53ms			
Entry mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	SH	Assign cursor moving direction And blinking of entire display	39us	
Display ON/ OFF control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	С	В	Set display (D), cursor (C), and Blinking of cursor (B) on/off Control bit.		
Cursor or Display shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	•	1	Set cursor moving and display Shift control bit, and the Direction, without changing of DDRAM data.	39us	
Function set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	-	-	Set interface data length (DL: 8- Bit/4-bit), numbers of display Line (N: =2-line/1-line) and, Display font type (F: 5x11/5x8)	39us	
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set CGRAM address in	39us	
Set	0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set DDRAM address in	39us	



DDRAM Address											address Counter.	_
Read busy Flag and Address	0	1	BF	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Whether during internal Operation or not can be known By reading BF. The contents of Address counter can also be read.	0us
Write data To Address	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	43us
Read data From RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	43us

NOTE:

When an MPU program with checking the busy flag (DB7) is made, it must be necessary 1/2fosc is necessary for executing the next instruction by the falling edge of the "E" signal after the busy flag (DB7) goes to "Low".

11.3 Contents

1) Clear display

., O.Gu	. Glopiaj								
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Clear all the display data by writing "20H" (space code) to all DDRAM address, and set DDRAM address to "00H" into AC (address counter).

Return cursor to the original status, namely, bring the cursor to the left edge on the fist line of the display. Make the entry mode increment (I/D="High").

2) Return home

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-

Return home is cursor return home instruction.

Set DDRAM address to "00H" into the address counter.

Return cursor to its original site and return display to its original status, if shifted.

Contents of DDRAM does not change.

3) Entry mode set

-, -:::)									
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	SH

Set the moving direction of cursor and display.

I/D: increment / decrement of DDRAM address (cursor or blink)

When I/D="high", cursor/blink moves to right and DDRAM address is increased by 1.

When I/D="Low", cursor/blink moves to left and DDRAM address is increased by 1.

*CGRAM operates the same way as DDRAM, when reading from or writing to CGRAM.

SH: shift of entire display

When DDRAM read (CGRAM read/write) operation or SH="Low", shifting of entire display is not performed. If SH ="High" and DDRAM write operation, shift of entire display is performed according to I/D value. (I/D="high". shift left, I/D="Low". Shift right).



4) Display ON/OFF control

_	, -	,								
	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	С	В

Control display/cursor/blink ON/OFF 1 bit register.

D: Display ON/OFF control bit

When D="High", entire display is turned on.

When D="Low", display is turned off, but display data remains in DDRAM.

C: cursor ON/OFF control bit

When D="High", cursor is turned on.

When D="Low", cursor is disappeared in current display, but I/D register preserves its data.

B: Cursor blink ON/OFF control bit

When B="High", cursor blink is on, which performs alternately between all the "High" data and display characters at the cursor position.

When B="Low", blink is off.

5) Cursor or display shift

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	•	-

Shifting of right/left cursor position or display without writing or reading of display data.

This instruction is used to correct or search display data.

During 2-line mode display, cursor moves to the 2nd line after the 40th digit of the 1st line.

Note that display shift is performed simultaneously in all the lines.

When display data is shifted repeatedly, each line is shifted individually.

When display shift is performed, the contents of the address counter are not changed.

Shift patterns according to S/C and R/L bits

S/C	R/L	Operation
0	0	Shift cursor to the left, AC is decreased by 1
0	1	Shift cursor to the right, AC is increased by 1
1	0	Shift all the display to the left, cursor moves according to the display
1	1	Shift all the display to the right, cursor moves according to the display

6) Function set

_	-,									
	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
ſ	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	-	-

DL: Interface data length control bit

When DL="High", it means 8-bit bus mode with MPU.

When DL="Low", it means 4-bit bus mode with MPU. Hence, DL is a signal to select 8-bit or 4-bit bus mode.

When 4-but bus mode, it needs to transfer 4-bit data twice.

N: Display line number control bit

When N="Low", 1-line display mode is set.

When N="High", 2-line display mode is set.

F: Display line number control bit

When F="Low", 5x8 dots format display mode is set.

When F="High", 5x11 dots format display mode.

7) Set CGRAM address

Ī	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
Ī	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0

Set CGRAM address to AC.

The instruction makes CGRAM data available from MPU.



Set DDRAM address

-,									
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0

Set DDRAM address to AC.

This instruction makes DDRAM data available form MPU.

When 1-line display mode (N=LOW), DDRAM address is form "00H" to "4FH". In 2-line display mode (N=High), DDRAM address in the 1st line form "00H" to "27H", and DDRAM address in the 2nd line is from "40H" to "67H".

9) Read busy flag & address

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	1	BF	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0

This instruction shows whether SPLC780D is in internal operation or not.

If the resultant BF is "High", internal operation is in progress and should wait BF is to be LOW, which by then the nest instruction can be performed. In this instruction you can also read the value of the address counter.

10) Write data to RAM

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Write binary 8-bit data to DDRAM/CGRAM.

The selection of RAM from DDRAM, and CGRAM, is set by the previous address set instruction (DDRAM address set, CGRAM address set).

RAM set instruction can also determine the AC direction to RAM.

After write operation. The address is automatically increased/decreased by 1, according to the entry mode.

11) Read data from RAM

,									
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Read binary 8-bit data from DDRAM/CGRAM.

The selection of RAM is set by the previous address set instruction. If the address set instruction of RAM is not performed before this instruction, the data that has been read first is invalid, as the direction of AC is not yet determined. If RAM data is read several times without RAM address instructions set before, read operation, the correct RAM data can be obtained from the second. But the first data would be incorrect, as there is no time margin to transfer RAM data.

In case of DDRAM read operation, cursor shift instruction plays the same role as DDRAM address set instruction, it also transfers RAM data to output data register.

After read operation, address counter is automatically increased/decreased by 1 according to the entry mode.

After CGRAM read operation, display shift may not be executed correctly.

NOTE: In case of RAM write operation, AC is increased/decreased by 1 as in read operation.

At this time, AC indicates next address position, but only the previous data can be read by the read instruction.

Display character address code:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07



Standard character pattern

	I							1								
Lower Bits 4 Bits	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
xxxx0000	CG RAM (1)			0	a		*	F					9	= ,	α	9
xxxx0001	(2)		i	1	H	Q	a	9			D	T	手	Ľ,	ä	멱
xxxx0010	(3)		II	2	B	R	b	 			r	1	ij	×	ß	Ð
xxxx0011	(4)		#	3	C	5	C.	5			_1	Ż	于	Ŧ	ε.	67
xxxx0100	(5)		\$	4	D	T	d	<u>t</u> .			٧.	I	ŀ	†·	Н	52
xxxx0101	(6)		7.	5			巴	u				7	ナ		Œ	ü
xxxx0110	(7)		8.	6	F	Ų	Ł.	Ų			7	力		===	ρ	M
xxxx0111	(8)		7	7	G	Щ	9	W			7	ŧ	X	ラ	9	Л
xxxx1000	(1)		Ç	8	H	X	H	×			4	7	末	IJ	.J	$\overline{\times}$
xxxx1001	(2))	9	I	Y	i	<u>'</u>			Ċ	፞፞፞፞፞	J	IL	1	y
xxxx1010	(3)		*		J	Z	j	Z			I]	ι'n	Ŀ	j	=
xxxx1011	(4)		+	;	K		k	{			オ	Ħ	L	П	×	万
xxxx1100	(5)		7	<	<u>L</u>	¥	1				†7	<u>=</u> y	J	7	4 -	127
xxxx1101	(6)				M	1	M	}			ュ	Z	^	_,	ŧ_	
xxxx1110	(7)			>	H	^	m	÷			3	t	1	**	ñ	
xxxx1111	(8)		.*	?	0		0	÷			"11	y	7		Ö	

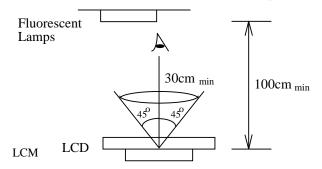


QUALITY SPECIFICATIONS

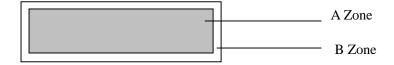
Standard of the product appearance test

Manner of appearance test: The inspection should be performed in using 20W x 2 fluorescent lamps. Distance between LCM and fluorescent lamps should be 100 cm or more. Distance between LCM and inspector eyes should be 30 cm or more.

Viewing direction for inspection is 45° from vertical against LCM.



Definition of zone:



A Zone: Active display area (minimum viewing area).

B Zone: Non-active display area (outside viewing area).