### AtlasScientific Environmental Robotics

**V 3.7** Revised 7/21

# PH Transmitter

Reads

Range

Accuracy

Calibration

Supported probes

Temp probe

Auto temp compensation

Mount

Output

Operating voltage

Electrically isolated

рН

.001 - 14.000

+/- 0.002

1, 2, 3 point remotely through PLC or directly on board

Any type & brand

PT-100 or PT-1000

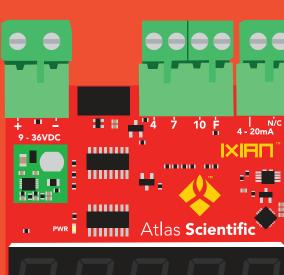
Yes

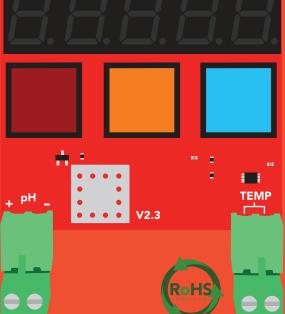
35mm Din rail

4 – 20mA

9VDC - 36VDC

Yes





Written by Jordan Press Designed by Noah Press

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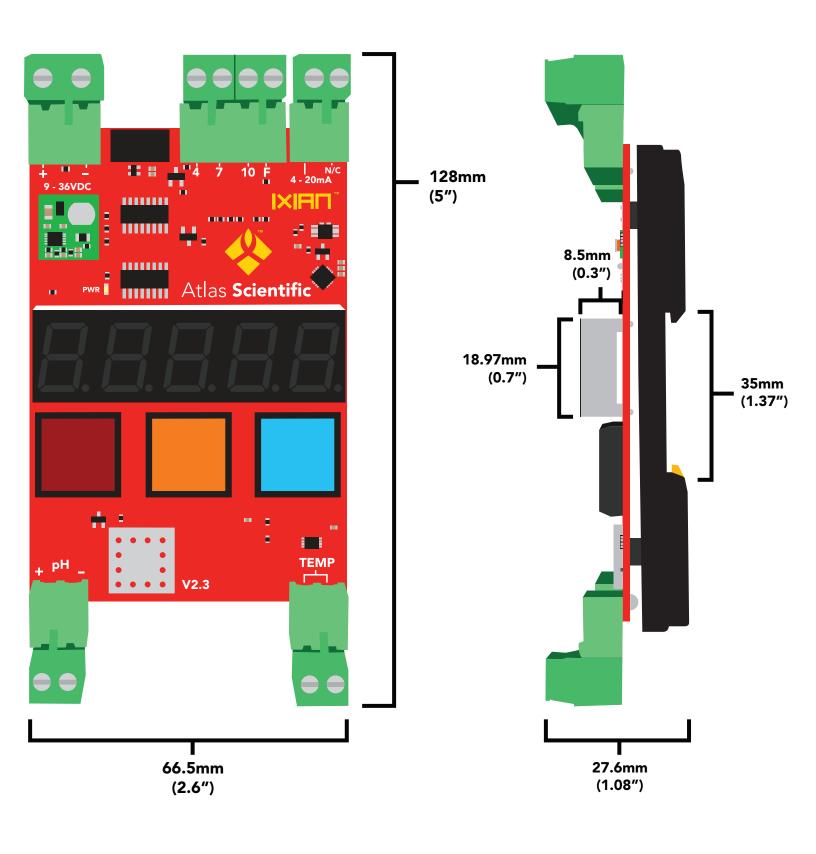
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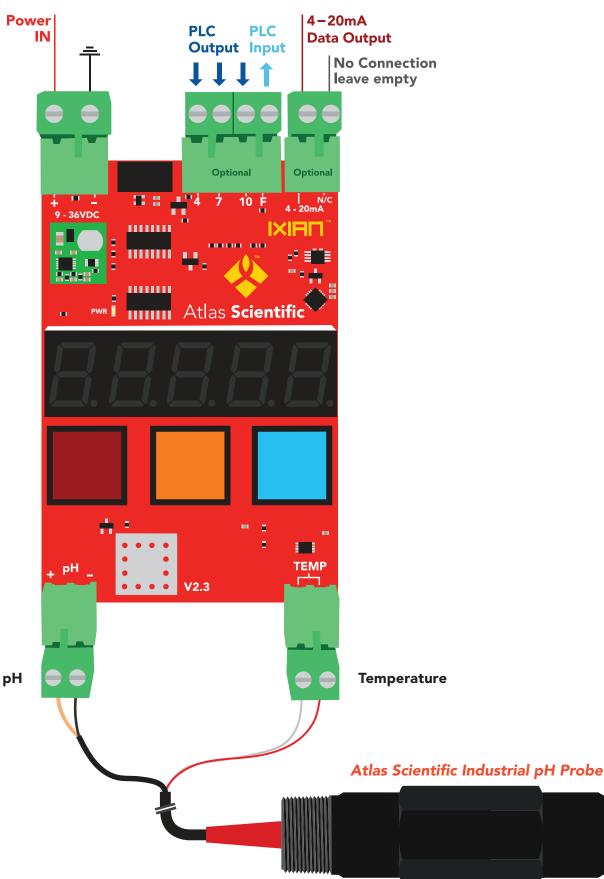


### **Transmitter dimensions**



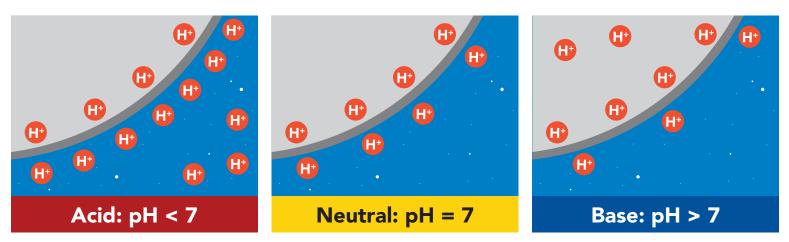


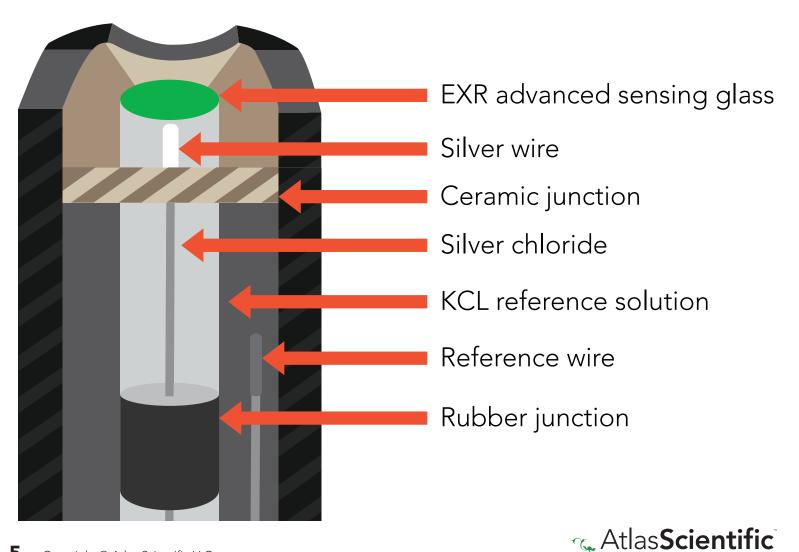
## Wiring diagram



## **Operating principle**

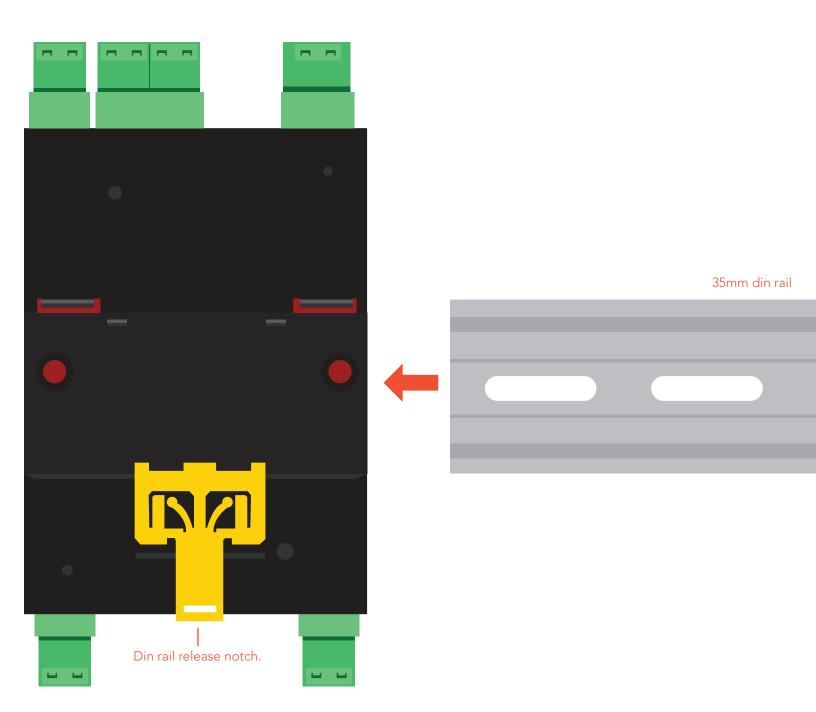
A pH **(potential of Hydrogen)** probe measures the hydrogen ion activity in a liquid. At the tip of a pH probe is a glass membrane. This glass membrane permits hydrogen ions from the liquid being measured to defuse into the outer layer of the glass, while larger ions remain in the solution. The difference in the concentration of hydrogen ions (outside the probe vs. inside the probe) creates a VERY small current. This current is proportional to the concentration of hydrogen ions in the liquid being measured.





### Mounting

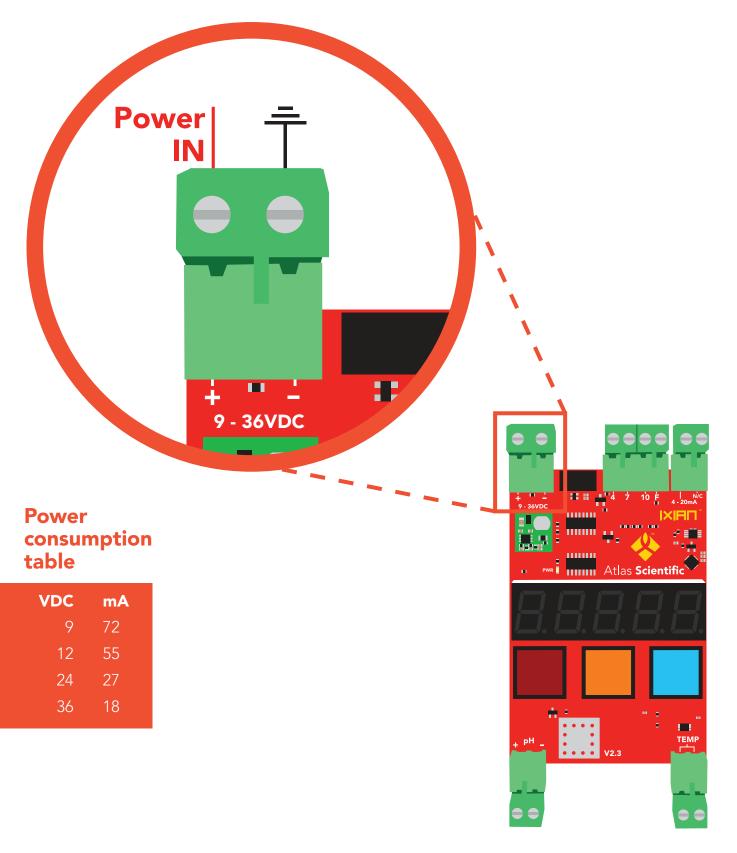
The IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter is specifically designed to be mounted to a 35mm din rail. To detach the transmitter from the din rail, pull down on the din rail release notch.





### **Power connection**

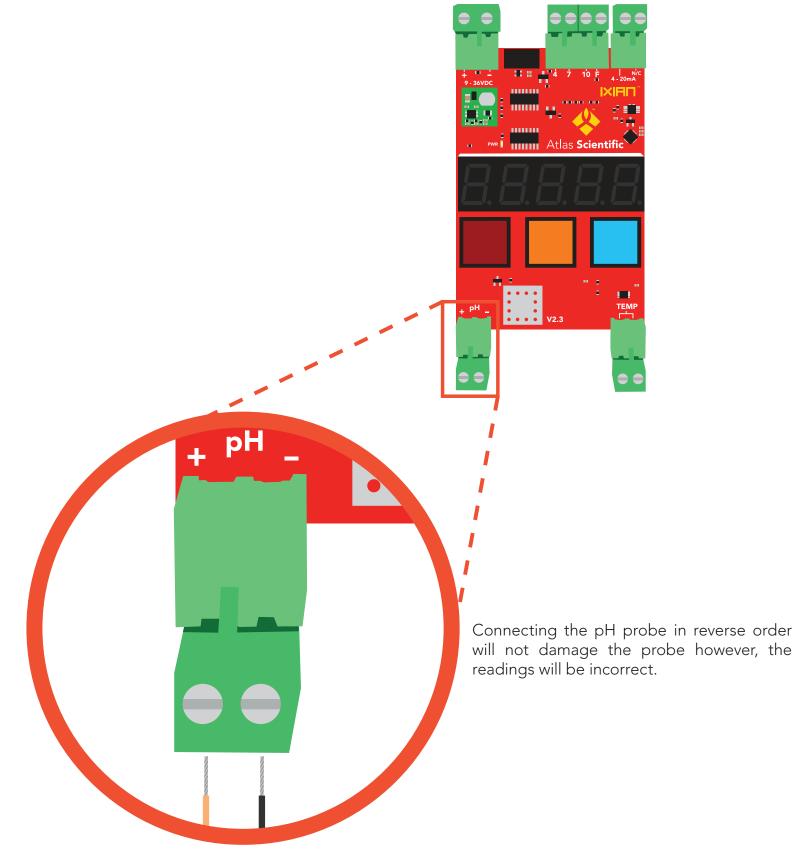
Any DC voltage from 9V - 36V can be used to power the IXIAN<sup>m</sup> pH Transmitter. The power connector is keyed differently and is larger than the other connectors.





### **pH** connection

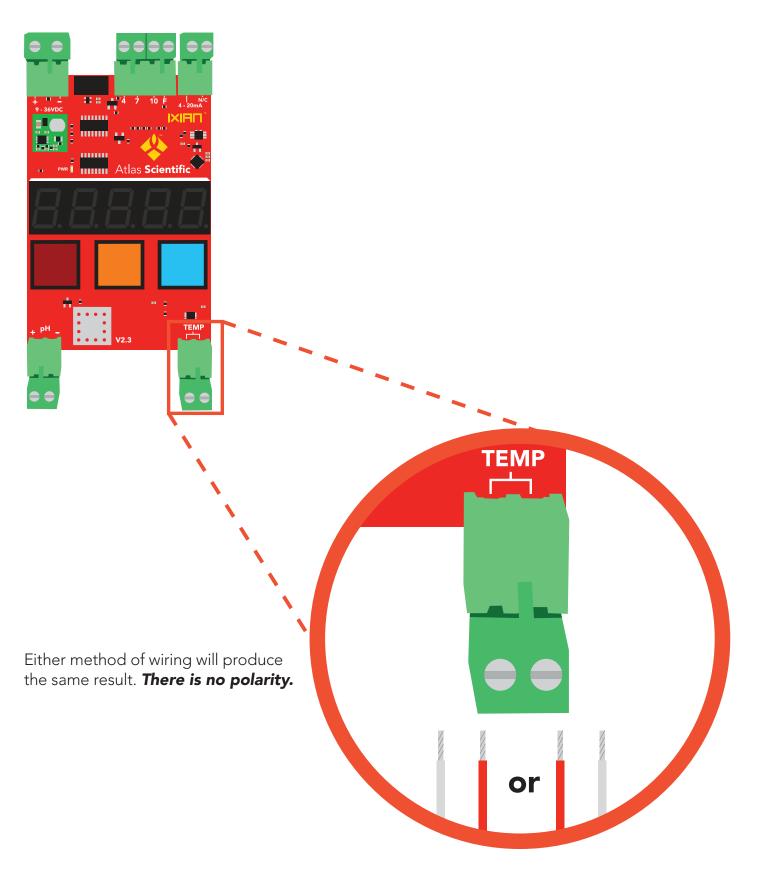
Any off the shelf two wire pH probe can be used with the IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter.





### **Temperature connection**

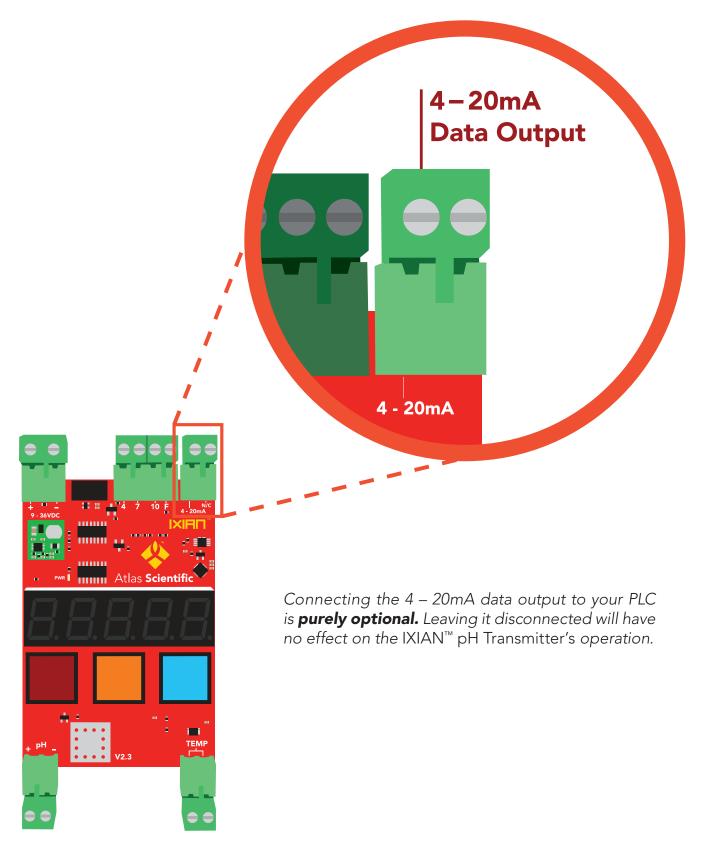
A PT-100 or PT-1000 temperature probe can be connected to the IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter.





### 4–20mA connection

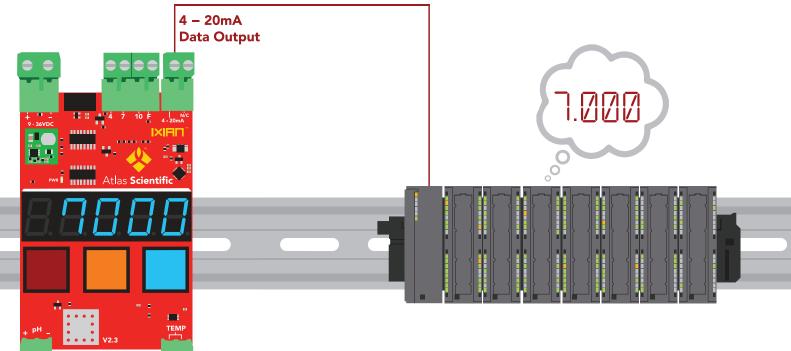
Connecting the 4–20mA data output to your PLC, allows the IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter to communicate with your PLC.





### 4–20mA pH transmission

The pH value that is visible on the seven segment LED screen is also, simultaneously transmitted through the 4 – 20mA data output.



Connecting the 4 – 20mA data output to your PLC is **purely optional.** Leaving it disconnected will have no effect on the IXIAN<sup>m</sup> pH Transmitter's operation.

#### pH to 4-20mA equation

$$\left(\frac{pH}{14} * 16\right) + 4 = mA$$

### Advanced

4 - 20mA max load resistance  $Rmax = \frac{(Vin - 1)}{0.026}$ 

R = the total resistive load on the line.

V = the voltage powering the transmitter.

рΗ	mA	рН	mA
0.00	4.00	8.00	13.14
1.00	5.14	9.00	14.28
2.00	6.28	10.00	15.42
3.00	7.42	11.00	16.57
4.00	8.57	12.00	17.71
5.00	9.71	13.00	18.85
6.00	10.85	14.00	20.00
7.00	12.00		

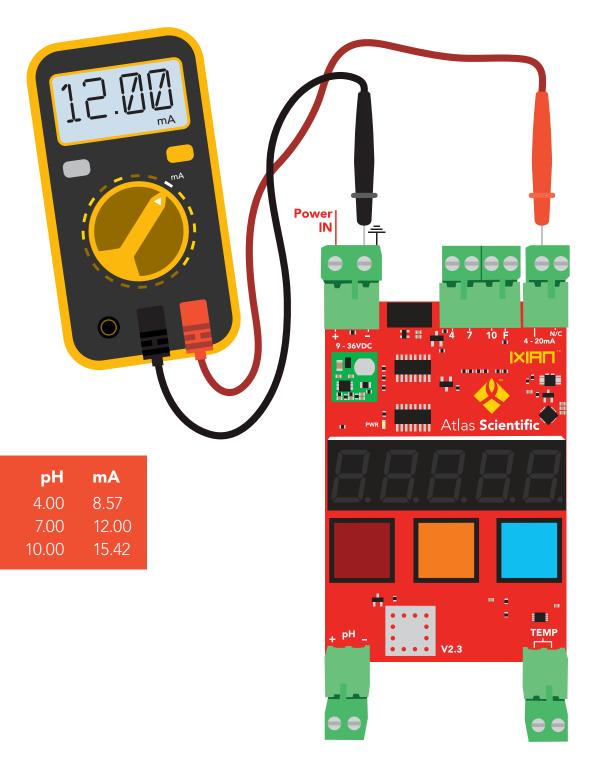
#### **PLC ADC Resolution**

10 BIT = 0.015 pH units 16 BIT = 0.003 pH units



# Reading 4–20mA output with a multimeter

To debug the IXIAN<sup>m</sup> pH Transmitter output, first connect it to a multimeter as shown. (make sure the multimeter is set to "mA"). Once properly connected, set the IXIAN<sup>m</sup> pH Transmitter to calibrate to either **4.00**, **7.00**, or **10.00**. Compare the reading on the multimeter to the chart below.

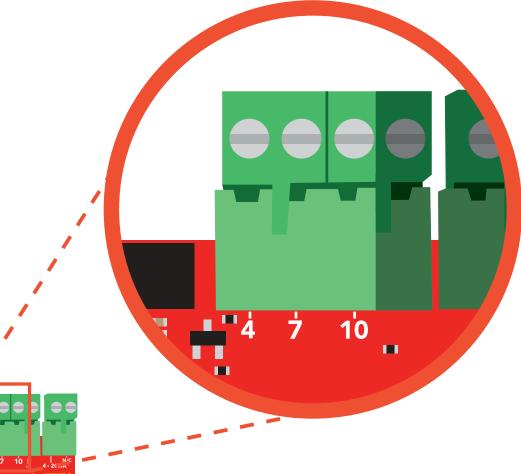


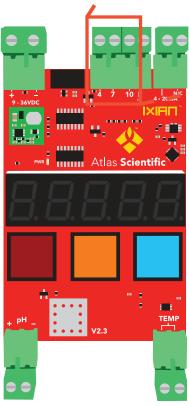


### **PLC calibration node**

Using the three input connections marked **"4"**, **"7"**, **"10"** it's possible to use a PLC to fully calibrate the IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter. This is particularly beneficial when using a PLC touch screen.

Sending an output signal from the PLC to the pH Transmitters 4, 7, or 10 input connection will calibrate the device.





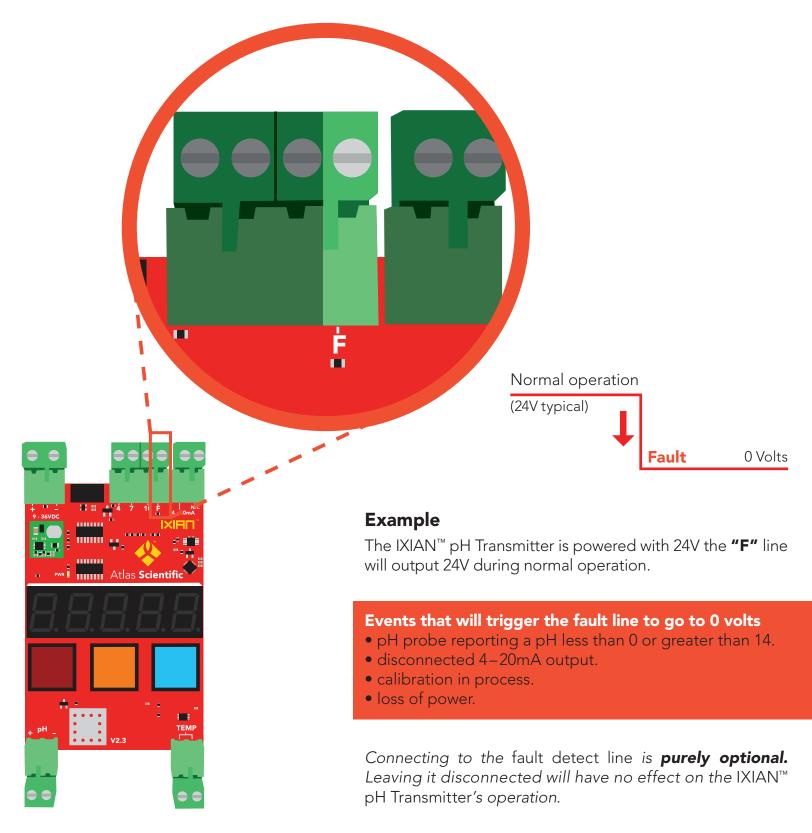
The voltage used to trigger a calibration event should be the same voltage used to power the IXIAN<sup>M</sup> pH Transmitter.

Connecting to the PLC calibration node is **purely optional.** Leaving it disconnected will have no effect on the IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter's operation.



### Fault detect line

The connection marked "F" is the fault detect line. During normal operation the fault detect line will output a voltage equal to the voltage used to power the device. If the  $IXIAN^{\text{TM}} pH$  Transmitter detects a problem the fault line will drop to 0 volts.





### **Calibration theory**

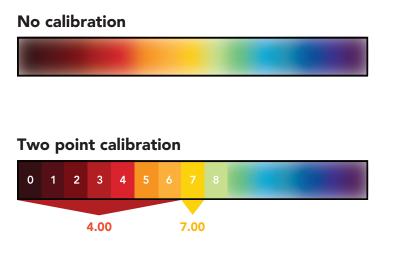
The Atlas Scientific IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter has a flexible calibration protocol, allowing for **single point, two point,** or **three point** calibration. **The calibration data is stored in the EEPROM, and will be retained even if the Transmitter is powered off.** 

The calibration values are **4.00**, **7.00**, and **10.00**.

**The first calibration point must be pH 7.00** Calibrating to pH 7.00 will reset the stored calibration. If two, or three point calibration has been done in the past, it must now be redone.



There is no correct order when calibrating to **4.00** and/or **10.00**. Recalibrating these two points will not have any effect on the other stored calibration points. Calibrating the IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter to **4.00** and/or **10.00** can be done at any time.



Two point calibration will provide high accuracy between **7.00** and the second point calibrated against, such as a **4.00**.

#### Single point calibration



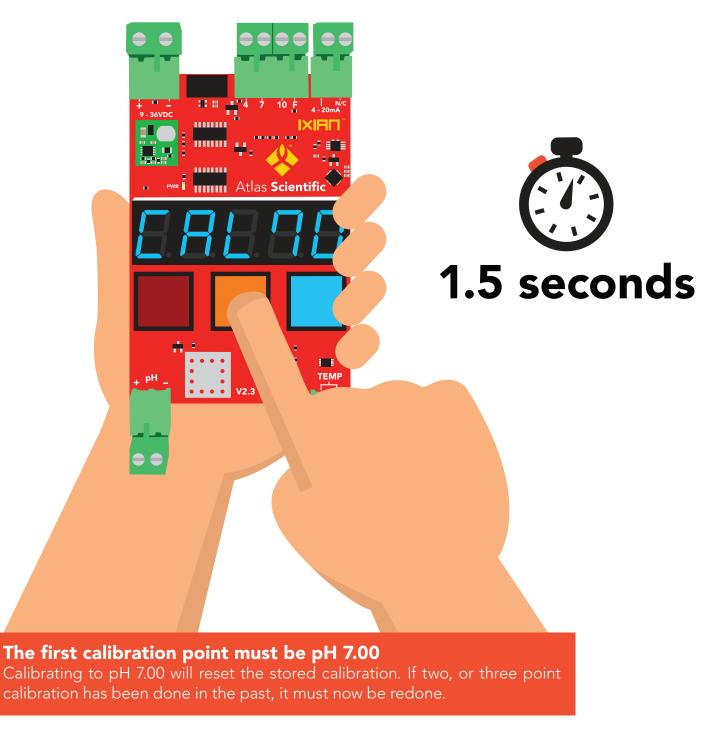
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
	4.00			7.00		10.00									

Three point calibration will provide high accuracy over the full pH range. Three point calibration at **4.00**, **7.00** and **10.00** should be considered the standard.



### **On-board calibration**

To begin the on-board calibration process, press and hold the middle **orange** button for 1.5 seconds to calibrate to a pH of **7.00**.



The display will flash: *CRL 7.0*, after a few seconds the display will then flash: *donE* 

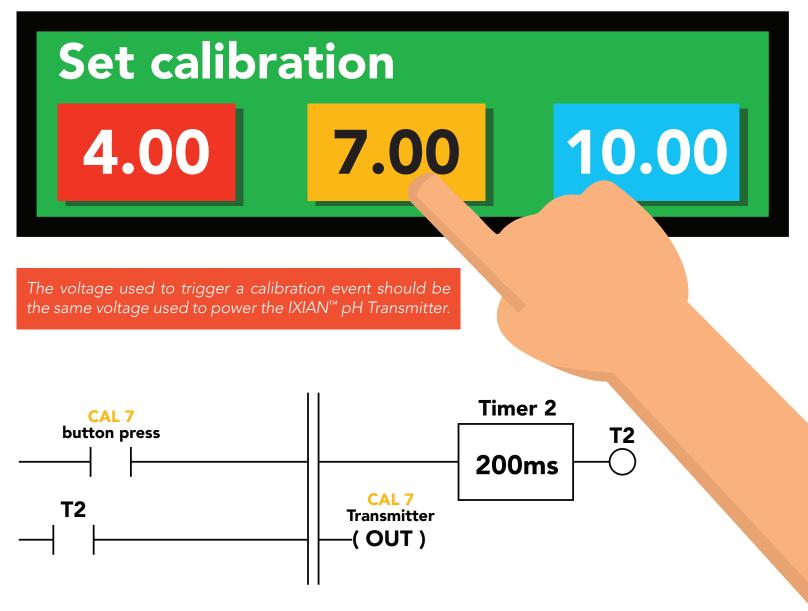
If two point or three point calibration is required, repeat this process to calibrate for pH **4.00** (*left red button*) and pH **10.00** (*right blue button*).



### **PLC calibration**

Using the three input connections marked **"4"**, **"7"**, **"10"** it's possible to use a PLC to fully calibrate the IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter. Setting the PLC's output to 200ms or more will trigger a calibration event.

This is particularly beneficial when using a PLC touch screen.



A calibration event will only trigger if the corresponding input pin has been held high for 200ms. Holding the line for more then 200ms will have no effect.

#### The first calibration point must be pH 7.00

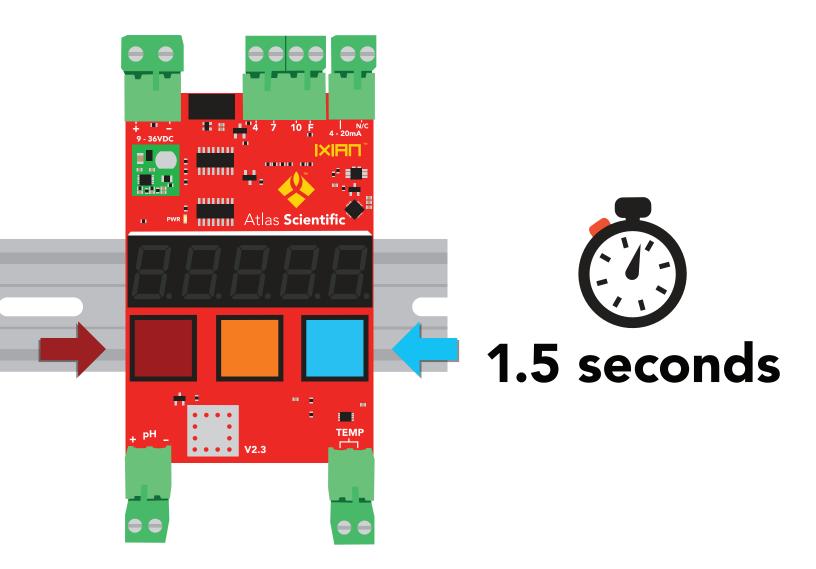
Calibrating to pH 7.00 will reset the stored calibration. If two, or three point calibration has been done in the past, it must now be redone.



### 4–20mA calibration

To ensure that the PLC is receiving the most accurate 4 - 20mA signal, the current output from the IXIAN<sup>M</sup> pH Transmitter can be adjusted. The 4mA signal and the 20mA signal can both be adjusted independently.

To enter the 4 - 20mA calibration mode press and hold the **red** and **blue** buttons simultaneously for 1.5 seconds.

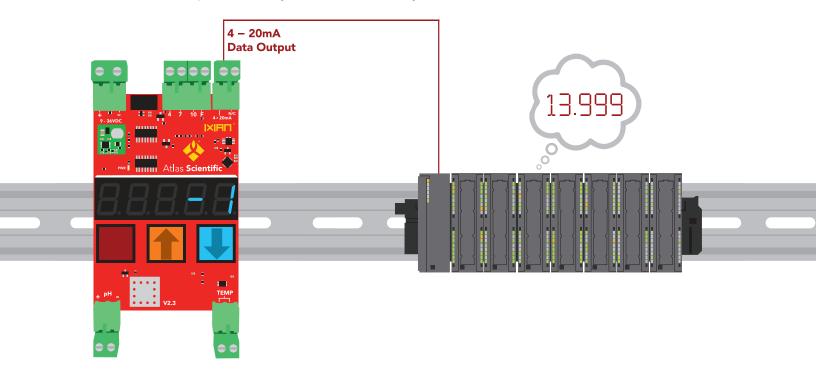


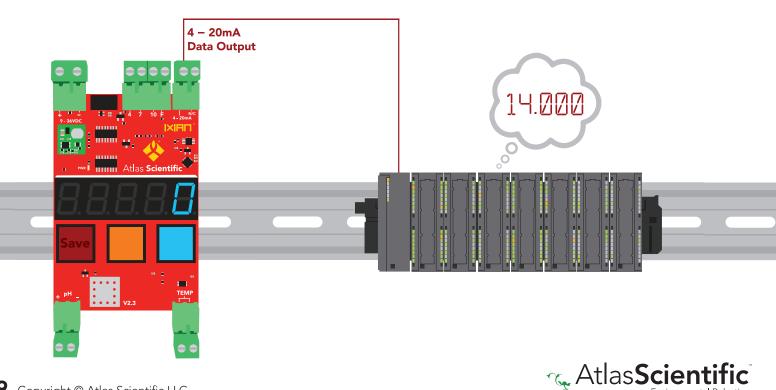


### 4–20mA High

The display will flash: 4-20H (the "H" stands for high) The IXIAN™ pH Transmitter will now output exactly 20mA, and your PLC should show a pH of 14.000. Use the orange (up) and blue (down) buttons to adjust the 20mA output so the pH moves to 13.999, then move it back up, so it is just hits pH 14. When you have finished making adjustments, press the **red** (save) button to confirm.

The 20mA offset will be permanently stored in memory.

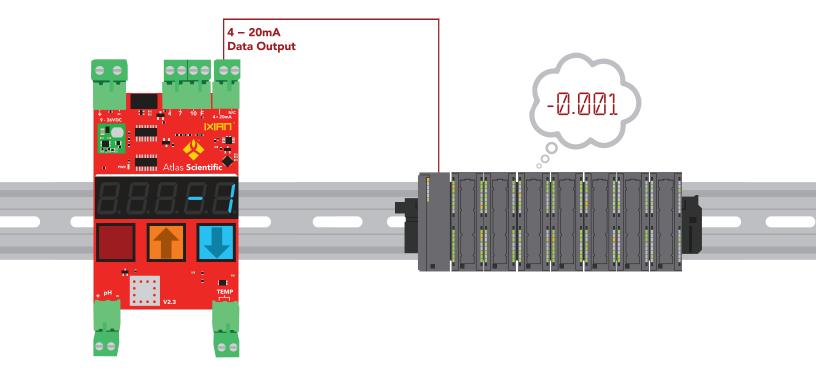


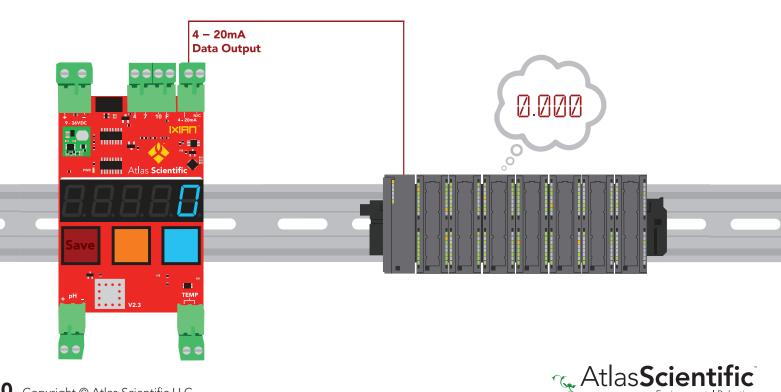


### 4–20mA Low

The display will flash: 4-20L (the "L" stands for low) The IXIAN™ pH Transmitter will now output exactly 4mA, and your PLC should show a pH of 0.000 Use the orange (up) and **blue** (down) buttons to adjust the 4mA output so the pH moves to -0.001, then move it back up, so it is just hits pH 0.000 When you have finished making adjustments, press the **red** (save) button to confirm.

The 4mA offset will be permanently stored in memory.

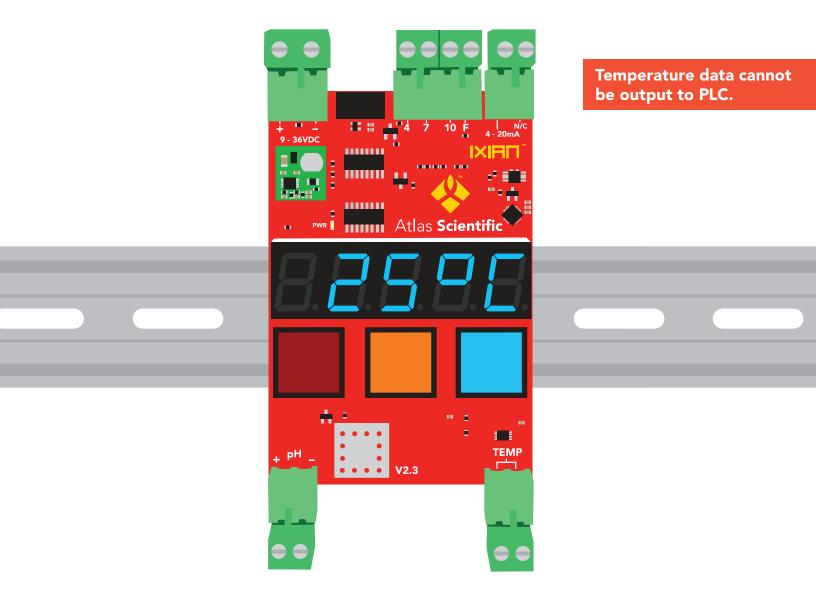




### **Temperature compensation**

To view the temperature from the attached PT-100, or PT-1000 temperature probe, press the **red** and **orange** buttons simultaneously. The IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter will continue to display the temperature for 10 seconds, or until the **red** and **orange** buttons are pressed again.

If a temperature probe is not connected, The IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter will use 25°C as the default temperature.

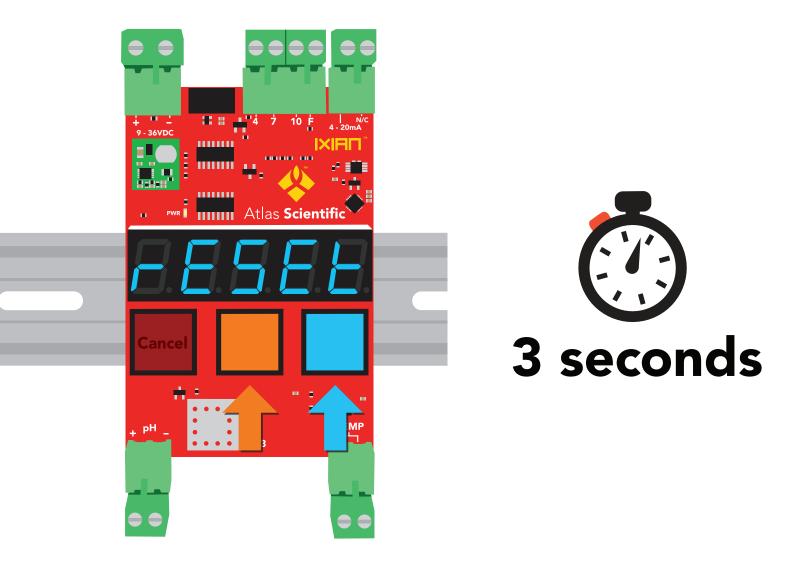




### **Factory reset**

The IXIAN<sup>™</sup> pH Transmitter can be reset to its default settings. To issue a factory reset, press and hold the **orange** and **blue** buttons for three seconds.

The display will flash: <u>-E5E</u>



Press and hold the **orange** and **blue** buttons again to confirm the factory reset. To cancel a factory reset, press the **red** button.



### Datasheet change log

#### Datasheet V 3.5

Revised art to show Gen 2 Industrial pH Probe.

#### Datasheet V 3.4

Revised information on pages 19 & 20.

#### Datasheet V 3.3

Added 4 – 20mA max load resistance formula on pg 11.

#### Datasheet V 3.2

Revised art to reflect V2.3 changes

#### Datasheet V 3.1

Added info about calibration data saved to EEPROM on pg 15.

#### Datasheet V 3.0

Revised enitre datasheet.

